

United Wire (2002) Pension Scheme

Statement of Investment Principles

June 2023

Contents

1	Introduction	3
	Scheme background	3
	Regulatory requirements and considerations	3
2	Statement of Investment Principles	4
	Introduction	4
	Key investment principles.....	4
3	Appointments & Responsibilities	11
	Appendix 1– Fund Range	13
	Fund options	13
	Lifestyle strategy	13
	Lifestyle Option for Annuities (Default option).....	14
	Lifestyle Option for Cash Lump Sums	14
	Appendix 2 – Fees	15
	Investment manager fees.....	15
	Investment consultancy fees	15

1 Introduction

Scheme background

- This Statement of Investment Principles (the “Statement”) details the principles governing investment decisions for United Wire (2002) Pension Scheme (the “Scheme”).
- The Scheme:
 - operates for the exclusive purpose of providing retirement and death benefits to eligible participants and beneficiaries,
 - provides benefits calculated on a defined contribution (DC) basis,
 - is open to new members.
- Buck are investment consultants to the Trustees.
- Contributions are directed to an occupational money purchase pension policy with Royal London.

Regulatory requirements and considerations

- This statement covers the requirements of, and the Scheme’s compliance with the provisions of the Pensions Act 1995 and subsequent legislation, as well as additional non-statutory information recommended to be included following the Myners review of “Institutional Investing in the UK”, the results of which were first published in 2001 (referred to as the “Myners Principles”).
- The Myners Principles require Trustee Boards to act in a transparent and responsible manner. The information set out in this document helps ensure that the Trustees are complying with this requirement.
- The Trustees have taken into account the requirements and recommendations within the Pension Regulator’s DC code and regulatory guidance. Information on the Trustees’ approach to investment matters within the Scheme, and in particular in setting the default arrangement, are included within this document.

2 Statement of Investment Principles

Introduction

- This section of the Statement covers the requirements of the Pensions Act 1995 and subsequent legislation.
- In accordance with section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995, the Trustees have reviewed and considered written advice from the investment consultant prior to the preparation of this Statement and have consulted the Sponsoring Employer.
- The Trustees will review this Statement, in consultation with the investment consultant and the Sponsoring Employer, at least once every three years, or more frequently if there are any significant changes in the Scheme's circumstances. However, ultimate power and responsibility for deciding investment policy lies solely with the Trustees.

Key investment principles

Kind of investments to be held

- The Trustees have full regard to their investment powers under the Trust Deed and Rules and the suitability of the various types of investments, the need to diversify, the custodianship of assets and any self-investment.
- The Scheme may invest in quoted and unquoted securities of UK and overseas markets including equities, fixed interest and index-linked bonds, cash, property and pooled investment vehicles considered appropriate for tax-exempt registered occupational pension schemes. The Trustees have considered the attributes of the various asset classes, these attributes being:
 - security (or quality) of the investment,
 - yield (expected long-term return),
 - spread (or volatility) of returns,
 - term (or duration) of the investment,
 - exchange rate risk,
 - marketability/liquidity (i.e., the tradability on regulated markets),
 - taxation.
- The Trustees consider all of the stated classes of investment to be suitable to the circumstances of the Scheme.

Investment Decisions

- All investment decisions are taken by the Trustee Board as a whole. The Trustees believe that collective responsibility is the appropriate structure, given

the size of the board. The Trustees will examine regularly whether additional investment training is desirable for any individual Trustee.

- Investment decisions relating to the Scheme are under the Trustees' control without constraint by the Sponsoring Employer. The Trustees are obliged to consult with the Sponsoring Employer when changing this Statement.
- Day-to-day investment decisions are delegated to properly qualified and authorised investment managers of pension scheme portfolios. An insurance contract has been exchanged with the platform provider and is reviewed from time-to-time. In addition, the underlying managers accessed via the platform provider are reviewed regularly to ensure that the manner in which they make investments on the Trustees' behalf is suitable for the Scheme, and appropriately diversified.

Investment Objectives and Suitability of Investments

- The Trustees believe that fund selection is an important decision for all members since it is likely to have an important influence on the risk taken and return achieved on members' pension savings. The Trustees regularly communicate with members to enable them to understand the importance of this area and to provide them with education to help them to make informed choices about their selection of funds.
- However, the Trustees also recognise that in practice many members do not actively make an investment choice and are instead invested in the default option. The Trustees therefore recognise the importance of designing an appropriate default option for the Scheme's membership.
- Whilst the Trustees believe the chosen default option is a reasonable choice for a lot of the membership, ultimately each member should take into account their own personal circumstances when determining whether the default option or an alternative strategy would best meet their needs.
- The default option has been designed having taken due regard to the membership profile of the Scheme, including consideration of:
 - the size of members' retirement savings within the Scheme,
 - members' current level of income and hence their likely expectations for income levels post retirement,
 - the fact that members may have other retirement savings invested outside of the Scheme, and
 - the ways members may choose to use their savings to fund their retirement.
- These factors have also been considered when setting the range of alternative investment options from which members can choose. The objective of the default option is to provide a balanced investment strategy for members who do not make an active investment choice. The strategy aims to maximise the level of return (net of fees) that a member could expect to receive from the Scheme over the course of their working lifetime, while reducing the risk of them having income provision in retirement significantly below what may reasonably be expected.
- The objective of the alternative investment options available is to allow members to tailor their investments based on their individual investment requirements, while avoiding complexity. The range should assist members in achieving the following:

- maximising the value of retirement benefits, to ensure a reasonable standard of living in retirement,
 - protecting the value of benefits in the years approaching retirement against equity market falls and (should they decide to purchase an annuity) fluctuations in annuity costs, and
 - tailoring a member's investments to meet his or her own needs, and how the member intends to make use of their benefits at and through retirement.
- The Trustees recognise that members using the default option are likely to be less financially aware than those using self-select options and have taken this into account in the strategy design.
 - The Trustees' investment consultant provides advice regarding the suitability of both the default option and the self-select options available.
 - Details of the default and self-select options chosen (including the investment objectives of the individual funds), are shown in the appendices.
 - Members are advised to take independent financial advice before choosing between these funds.
 - The Trustees are satisfied that the funds offered to members and the appointed investment managers are consistent with the objectives of the Scheme, particularly in relation to diversification, risk, expected return and liquidity.

Risk

- The Trustees have considered risk from a number of perspectives. These are the risk that:
 - the investment return over members' working lives will not keep pace with inflation and does not, therefore, secure an adequate retirement income,
 - investment market movements in the period prior to retirement lead to a substantial reduction in the anticipated level of pension or other retirement income,
 - investment market movements in the period just prior to retirement lead to a substantial reduction in the anticipated cash lump sum benefit,
 - the default option is not suitable for members who invest in it, and
 - fees and transaction costs reduce the return achieved by members by an inappropriate extent.
- The investment strategy for the default option has been chosen with the aim of reducing these risks. The self-select funds available have been chosen to provide members with the flexibility to address these risks for themselves.
- To mitigate some of these risks, the Trustees have made available two lifestyle options, which transition members' investments from higher return orientated investments (which typically carry a higher level of investment risk) to lower risk bond and cash investments as members approach retirement.
- To help address these risks, the Trustees also review the lifestyle options used and the fund range offered at least every three years, taking into account changes to the membership profile, developments within DC markets (including

both product development and trends in member behaviour) and changes to legislation.

Expected Return on investments

- The default option is expected to provide an appropriate return on members' investments, based on the Trustees' understanding of the Scheme's membership and having taken into account the risk considerations set out above. The Trustees have also considered the return expectations of each of the alternative fund options offered.

Balance between different types of investments

- The investment managers will maintain a diversified portfolio of stocks or bonds within each of the funds offered under the Scheme (both within the default and self-select options).
- In addition, the design of the default option provides further diversification through the use of multiple funds throughout a member's working lifetime.

Investment Manager Monitoring

- The Trustees will assess the performance, processes and cost effectiveness of the investment managers by means of regular reviews of the results and other information, in consultation with the investment consultant.
- All investment decisions, and the overall performance of the investment managers, are monitored by the Trustees with the assistance of the investment consultant.
- The platform provider will provide the Trustees with quarterly statements of the assets held along with a quarterly report on the results of the past investment policy and the intended future policy, and any changes to the investment processes applied to the portfolios. The investment managers will also report verbally on request to the Trustees.
- The investment managers will inform the Trustees of any changes in the internal performance objective and guidelines of any pooled funds used by the Scheme as and when they occur.
- Appropriate written advice will be taken from the investment consultant before the review, appointment or removal of the investment managers or platform provider.

Performance Monitoring

- Each of the funds in which the Scheme invests has a stated performance objective against which the performance is measured.
- The Trustees will review the performance of the investment managers from time to time, based on the results of their performance and investment process.
- The platform provider is expected to provide written reports on a quarterly basis.

Realisation of investments

- In the event of an unexpected need to realise all or part of the assets of the portfolio, the Trustees require the platform provider to be able to realise the Scheme's investments in a reasonable timescale by reference to the market conditions existing at the time the disposal is required and subject to the best interests of the Scheme. The majority of the assets are not expected to take an

undue time to liquidate. This applies both to the default option and to the alternative fund options offered.

Financially material considerations

- The Trustees expect their investment managers, where appropriate, to have taken account of financially material considerations, including environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors as part of their investment analysis and decision-making process.
- The Trustees have been provided with the investment managers' policies in respect of financially material considerations and are satisfied that it is consistent with the above approach.
- The Trustees will take into account the investment managers' ESG policies when appointing and reviewing investment managers.

Non-financial matters

- The Trustees objective is that the financial interests of the Scheme members is their first priority when choosing investments. They have decided not to take members' preferences into account when considering these objectives.

Stewardship in relation to the Scheme's assets

- The Trustees have a fiduciary duty to consider their approach to the stewardship of the investments, to maximize financial returns for the benefit of members and beneficiaries over the long term. The Trustees can promote an investment's long-term success through monitoring, engagement and/or voting, either directly or through their investment managers.
- The Trustees seek to use managers that have strong stewardship policies and processes and are supportive of their investment managers being signatories to the United Nations' Principles for Responsible Investment and the Financial Reporting Council's UK Stewardship Code 2020.

Engagement and monitoring

- The Trustees' policy is to delegate responsibility for engaging and monitoring investee companies to the investment managers and the Trustees expect the investment managers to use their discretion to maximize financial returns for members and others over the long term.
- The Trustees review each investment manager prior to adding them to the fund range and monitors them on an ongoing basis by reviewing the managers' voting and engagement activity when preparing the Scheme's annual implementation statement.
- The Trustees will engage with the platform provider should they consider that a manager's voting and engagement policy to be inadequate or if the voting and engagement undertaken is not aligned with the investment manager's own policies, or if the investment manager's policies diverge significantly from the views of the Trustees from time to time.
- The Trustees recognises that each investment manager's ability to influence the companies in which they invest will depend on the nature of the investment. The Trustees acknowledge that the concept of stewardship may be less applicable to some of their assets, particularly for cash and liability-driven investments.

- The Trustees have not set out their own stewardship priorities but follow that of the investment managers.
- As all of the investments are held in pooled vehicles, the Trustees do not envisage being directly involved with peer to peer engagement in investee companies.

Voting Rights

- The Trustees' policy is to delegate responsibility for the exercising of rights (including voting rights) attaching to investments to the investment managers and to encourage the investment managers to exercise those rights. The Trustees will take corporate governance policies into account when appointing and reviewing investment managers.
- The Trustees have not set out their own voting policy but follow that of the investment managers. Each investment manager is expected to provide regular reports for the Trustees detailing their voting activity.

The Trustees' policy in relation to their investment manager

In detailing below the policies on the investment manager arrangements, the overriding approach of the Trustees is to select investment managers that meet the primary objectives of the Trustees. As part of the selection process and the ongoing review of the investment managers, the Trustees consider how well each investment manager meets the Trustees' policies and provides value for money over a suitable timeframe.

How the arrangement incentivises the investment manager to align its investment strategy and decisions with the Trustees' policies

- The Trustees have delegated the day to day management of the Scheme's assets to investment managers, accessed through a platform arrangement. The Scheme's assets are invested in pooled funds which have their own policies and objectives and charge a fee, agreed with the investment managers and platform provider, for their services. Such fees incentivise the investment managers to adhere to their stated policies and objectives.

How the arrangement incentivises the investment manager to engage and take into account financial and non-financial matters over the medium to long-term

- The Trustees, in conjunction with their investment consultant, appoint their investment managers and choose the specific pooled funds to use in order to meet specific Scheme policies. They expect that their investment managers make decisions based on assessments about the financial performance of underlying investments, and that they engage with issuers of debt or equity to improve their performance (and thereby the Scheme's performance) over an appropriate time horizon.
- The Trustees have decided not to take non-financial matters into account when considering their policy objectives.

How the method (and time horizon) of the evaluation of the investment manager's performance and the remuneration for asset management services are in line with the Trustees' investment policies

- The Trustees expect their investment managers to invest the assets within their portfolio in a manner that is consistent with the guidelines and constraints set out in their documentation. The Trustees review the investment managers periodically. These reviews incorporate benchmarking of performance and fees. Reviews of performance focus on longer-term performance (to the extent that is relevant), e.g. looking at five years of performance.
- If the Trustees determine that the investment managers are no longer managing the assets in line with the Trustees' policies they will make their concerns known to the platform provider and may ultimately disinvest.
- The Trustees pay their investment managers a management fee which is a fixed percentage of assets under management.
- Prior to agreeing a fee structure, the Trustees, in conjunction with their investment consultant, consider the appropriateness of this structure, both in terms of the fee level compared to that of other similar products and in terms of the degree to which it will incentivise the investment managers.

How the Trustees monitor portfolio turnover costs incurred by the investment manager, and how they define and monitor targeted portfolio turnover or turnover range

- The significant majority of the Scheme's assets are passively managed and therefore the Trustees do not explicitly monitor turnover costs.
- The Trustees expect turnover costs of the investment managers to be in line with their peers, taking into account the style adopted by the investment manager, the asset class invested in and prevailing market conditions.
- The Trustees do not explicitly monitor turnover, set target turnover or turnover ranges. The Trustees believe that the investment managers should follow their stated approach with a focus on risk and net return, rather than on turnover. In addition, the individual mandates are unique and bespoke in nature and there is the potential for markets to change significantly over a short period of time.

The duration of arrangements with investment managers

- The Trustees do not in general enter into fixed long-term agreements with their investment managers and instead retain the ability to change investment managers should the performance and processes of the investment managers deviate from the Trustees' policies. However, the Trustees expect their manager appointments to have a relatively long duration, subject to the manager adhering to its stated policies, and the continued positive assessment of their ability to meet their performance objectives.

3 Appointments & Responsibilities

This section sets out the key appointments and responsibilities with respect to the investment aspects of the Scheme.

Trustees

The Trustees' primary responsibilities include:

- preparation of this Statement, reviewing its contents and modifying it if deemed appropriate, in consultation with the Sponsoring Employer and the investment consultant, at least every three years. The Statement will also be reviewed following a significant change to investment strategy and/or the investment managers and/or platform provider,
- appointing investment consultants, a platform provider and investment managers as necessary for the good stewardship of the Scheme's assets,
- reviewing the investment strategy at least every three years, and taking advice from the investment consultant,
- assessing the processes (and therefore the performance) of the investment managers by means of regular, but not less than annual, reviews of information obtained (including investment performance),
- monitoring compliance of the investment arrangements with this Statement on a regular basis, and
- monitoring risk and the way in which the investment managers have cast votes on behalf of the Trustees in respect of the Scheme's equity holdings.

Investment Consultant

The main responsibilities of the investment consultant include:

- assisting the Trustees in the preparation and periodic review of this Statement in consultation with the Sponsoring Employer,
- undertaking project work including reviews of investment strategy, investment performance and manager structure as required by the Trustees,
- advising the Trustees on the selection and review of the investment managers and platform provider,
- providing training or education on any investment related matter as and when the Trustees see fit.

Investment Managers

The investment managers' main responsibilities include:

- investing assets in a manner that is consistent with the objectives set,
- ensuring that investment of the Scheme's assets is compliant with prevailing legislation and the constraints detailed in this Statement,
- attending meetings with the Trustees as and when required,
- informing the Trustees (or platform provider) of any changes in the fee structure, internal performance objectives and guidelines of any pooled fund used by the Scheme as and when they occur, and
- exercising voting rights on shareholdings in accordance with their general policy.

Custodian

The custodians used are responsible for the safe-keeping of the Scheme's assets.

- The custodianship arrangements are those operated by the investment manager for all clients investing in their pooled funds.

Administrators

- The administrator's primary responsibilities are the day to day administration of the Scheme and the submission of specified statutory documentation, as delegated by the Trustees.
- The Scheme's administrator is Royal London.

Implemented by the Trustees of the United Wire (2002) Pension Scheme

Date: June 2023

Appendix 1– Fund Range

Fund options

The funds available to members are included in the table below.

Manager	Fund	Benchmark Index	Management Style	Label used in accompanying lifestyle charts
BlackRock	Aquila Global Equity Index (60:40)	Composite Benchmark	Passive	-
	Aquila UK Equity Index	FTSE All Share Index	Passive	UK equities
	Aquila Consensus	ABI Mixed Investment (40-85% Shares) Sector Average	Passive	Consensus Fund
Royal London	Fixed Interest	FTSE Actuaries UK Conventional Gilts All Stocks Index	Passive	Fixed interest
	Deposit	SONIA	Active	Deposit Fund
Aberdeen Standard Investments	Global Absolute Return Strategies Fund	SONIA GBP 6 Months Index	Active	DGF (i.e. Diversified Growth Fund)

The Trustees allow members to opt-out of the lifestyle investment strategies and select from a range of funds that suit their individual circumstances.

To aid their decisions, information about the funds offered and the lifestyle strategies available is made available to members. Members are advised to take financial advice before choosing between these funds / strategies.

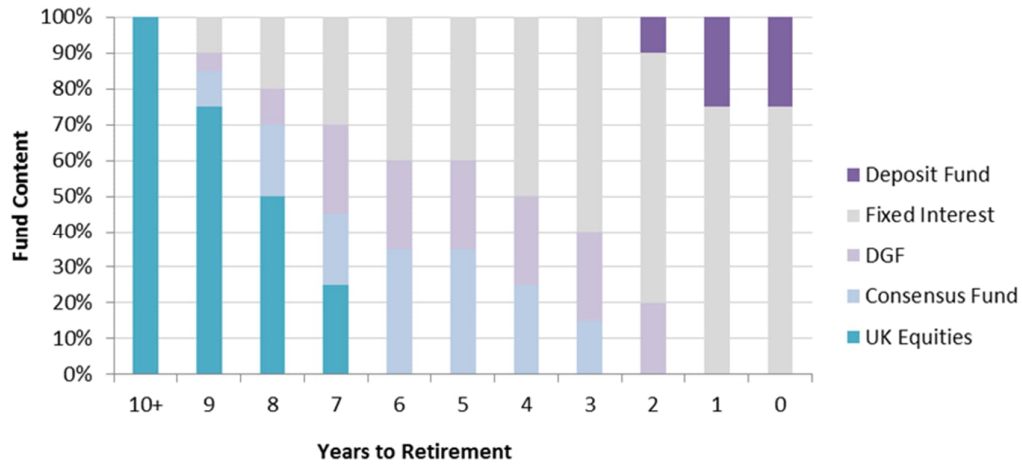
Lifestyle strategies

The lifestyle strategies entail members' assets being switched between funds as they approach their target retirement date.

There are two Lifestyle Options used by the Scheme as described overleaf.

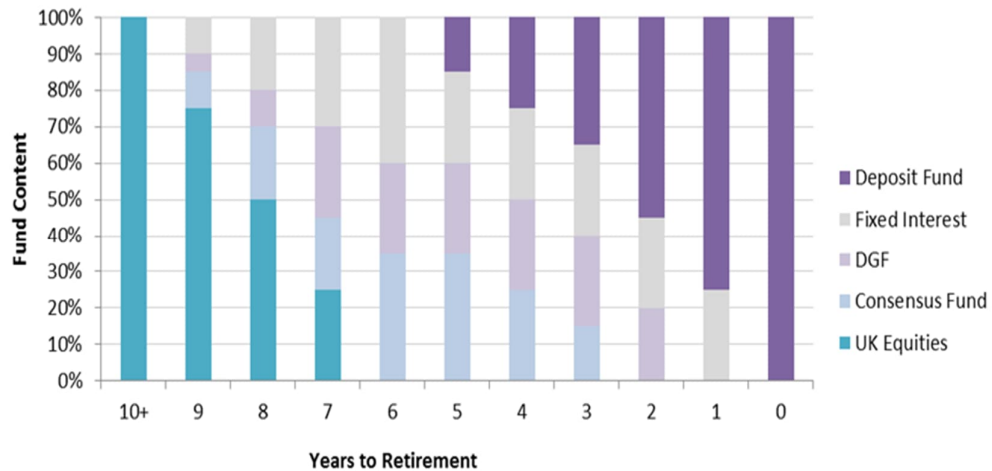
Lifestyle Option for Annuities (Default option)

The chart below demonstrates how the transition under the Lifestyle Option will take place in the years leading up to members' chosen retirement age:



Lifestyle Option for Cash Lump Sums

The chart below demonstrates how the transition under the Lifestyle Option will take place in the years leading up to members' chosen retirement age:



Appendix 2 – Fees

Investment manager fees

Manager	Fund	Investment Style	Ongoing charges % p.a.
BlackRock	Aquila Global Equity Index (60:40)	Passive	0.53
	Aquila UK Equity Index	Passive	0.53
	Aquila Consensus	Passive	0.53
Royal London	Fixed Interest	Passive	0.53
	Deposit	Passive	0.53
Standard Life	Global Absolute Return Strategies	Active	1.33

Note: Ongoing charges as per 2022 Chair's Statement

Investment consultancy fees

The fees in respect of the investment consultant are paid for by the Company and therefore has no impact on the size of members' retirement savings.

The basis of remuneration is kept under review.